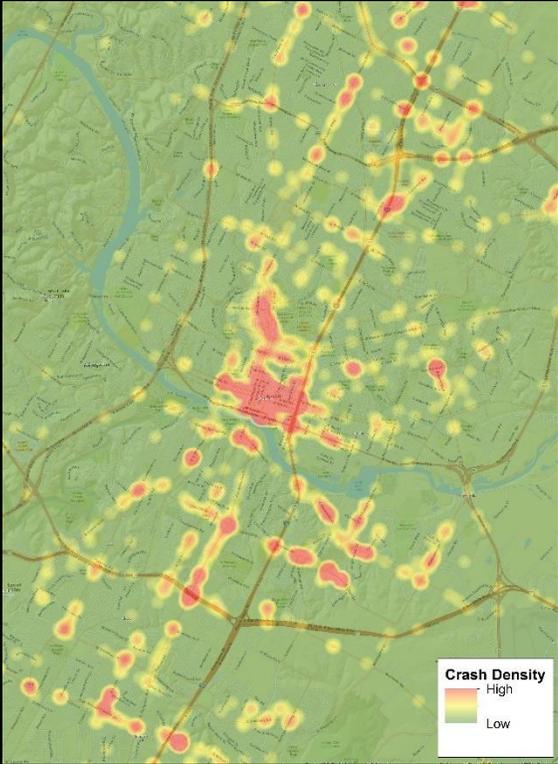


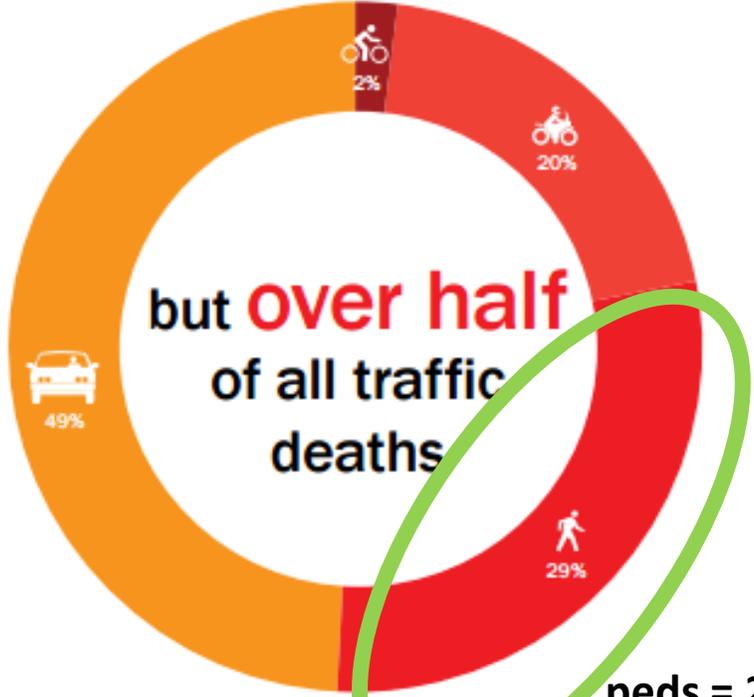
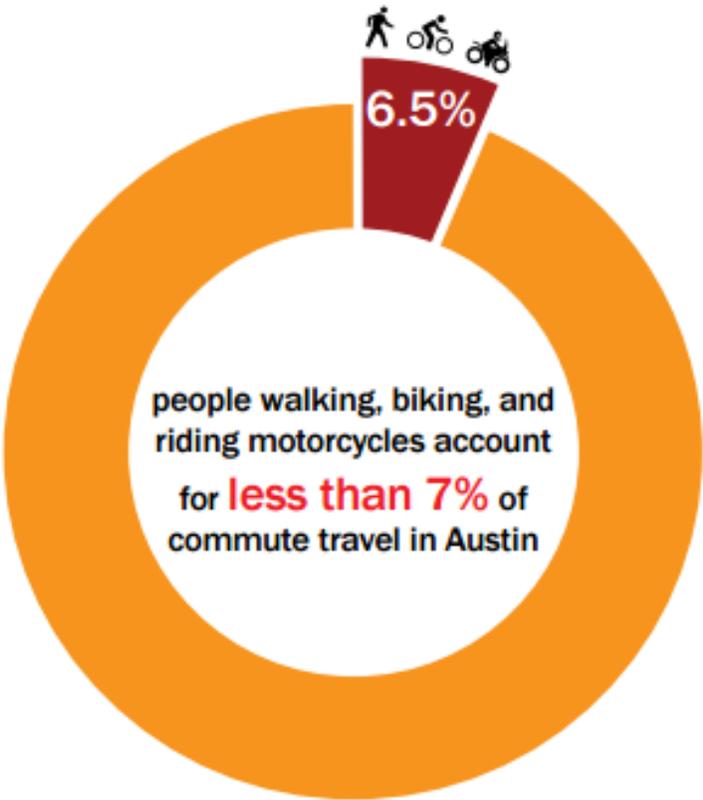
Austin Pedestrian Safety Action Plan

Urban Transportation Commission

January 10th, 2017



Austin PSAP



peds = 29% of fatalities

Source: American Community Survey Journey to Work Data (2013 5-year aggregate) and City of Austin Traffic Safety Data.

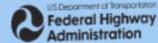
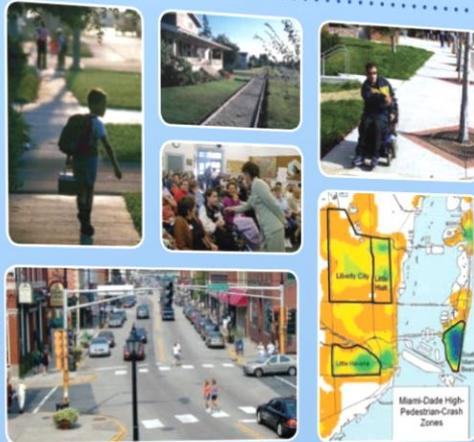
San Antonio-Bexar County PEDESTRIAN SAFETY ACTION PLAN



The New York City Pedestrian Safety Study & Action Plan August 2010



How to Develop a Pedestrian Safety Action Plan



FHWA-SA-05-12
Revised March 2009

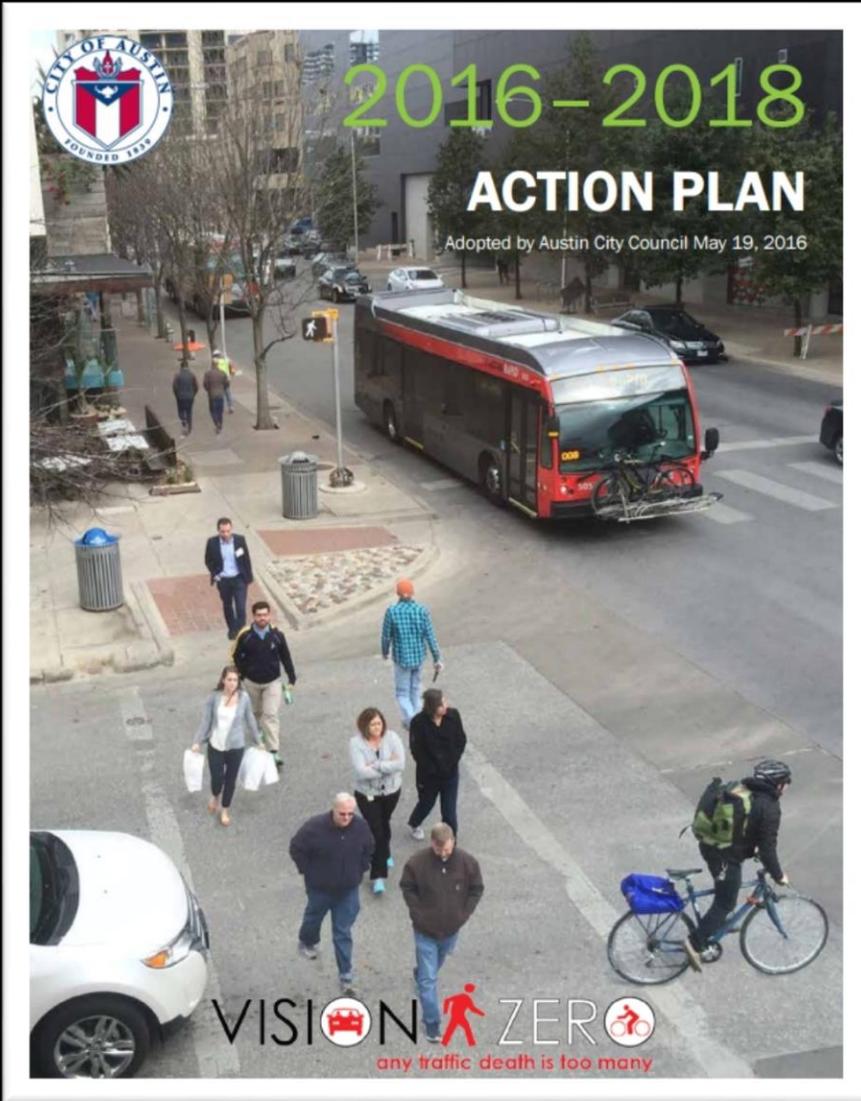


Charlotte's Pedestrian Safety Action Plan May 2013



Austin PSAP

A component of the Vision Zero Action Plan



Policy Actions

- | | |
|----|--|
| 48 | Develop action plans for vulnerable user groups and coordinate these more specific plans with the Vision Zero Action Plan. |
|----|--|

Engineering Actions

- | | |
|----|--|
| 17 | Enhance the current City Ordinance (§12-1-26, Pedestrians On Certain Roadways) for areas unsafe to pedestrians |
| 20 | Direct engineering, enforcement, and education resources to high injury and fatal crash hotspot locations. |

Evaluation Actions

- | | |
|---|---|
| 5 | Coordinate a data-driven procedure (and enhance tools as necessary) to prioritize high crash locations based on industry best practices and to focus limited resources. |
| 6 | Incorporate TXDOT datasets to analyze, map, and/or improve for better understanding of factors contributing to fatal and serious injury crashes. |
| 7 | Create a platform and/or process to better share data, including geospatial data and maps, across City departments and agencies that are affected by transportation safety. Create a platform to share anonymized information and maps with the public. |
| 9 | Continue analysis of victims and suspects involved in fatal crashes, including demographics, to target education, enforcement efforts, and policy changes. |

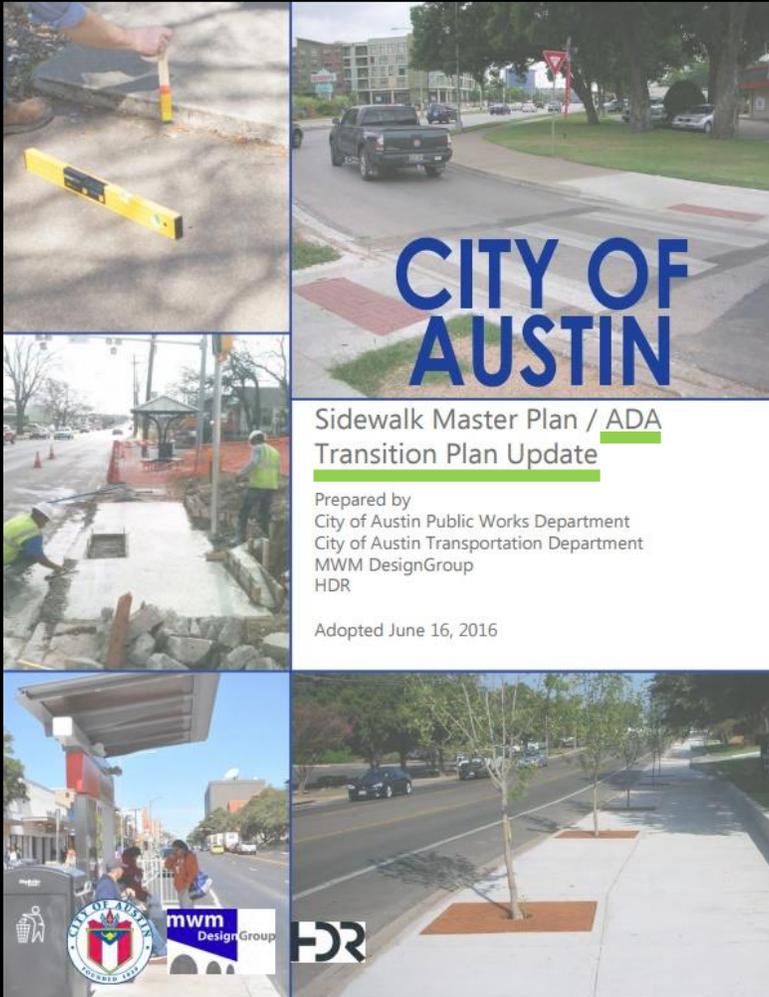
Austin Pedestrian Safety Action Plan

plan objectives

- 1** Support the Vision Zero Action Plan by developing a **holistic strategy for addressing pedestrian safety** through engineering, education, enforcement and encouragement strategies;
- 2** Utilize crash data to gain a detailed understanding of the frequency, location and causes of pedestrian-related crashes, with a **focus on serious injuries and fatalities**;
- 3** **Identify and prioritize intersections and corridors with unsafe pedestrian conditions** for further study and implement appropriate countermeasures at these locations;
- 4** Identify and prioritize areas **with latent pedestrian demand** that could benefit from safer crossings (i.e. Safe Routes to Schools, proximity to transit, Imagine Austin Activity Centers, etc.);
- 5** Develop a framework for **evaluating the effectiveness of pedestrian safety countermeasures in Austin** and for reporting these results;
- 6** **Develop an ADA Transition Plan** for crossings and signals as part of the PSAP.

Austin PSAP

ADA Transition Plan for Crossings and Signals



“Any project for construction or alteration of a facility that provides access to pedestrians must be made accessible to persons with disabilities.”

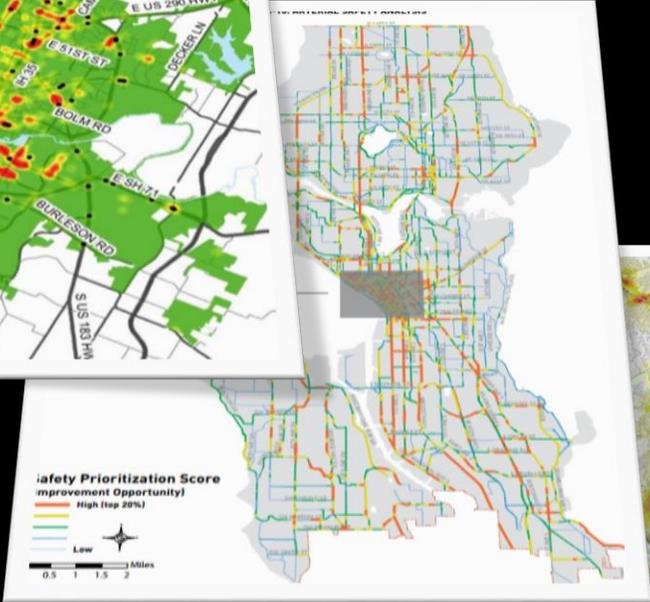
42 U.S.C. §§ 12131 - 12134; 28 CFR §§ 35.150, 35.151; Kinney v. Yerusalim, 9 F.3d 1067 (3d Cir. 1993), cert. denied, 511 U.S. 1033 (1994). (9-12-06)”

Austin PSAP

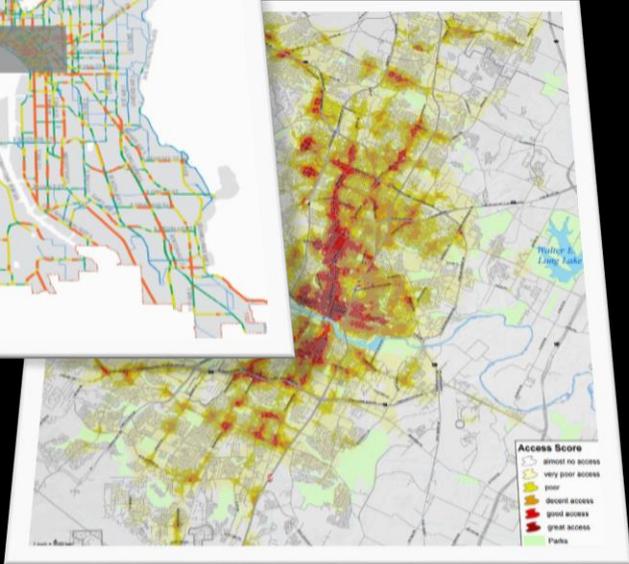
prioritization



High Crash Network



High Risk Network



High Demand Network

Austin PSAP

Action Plan/Implementation Strategies

Focus Areas

Enforcement

Engineering

Education/Encouragement

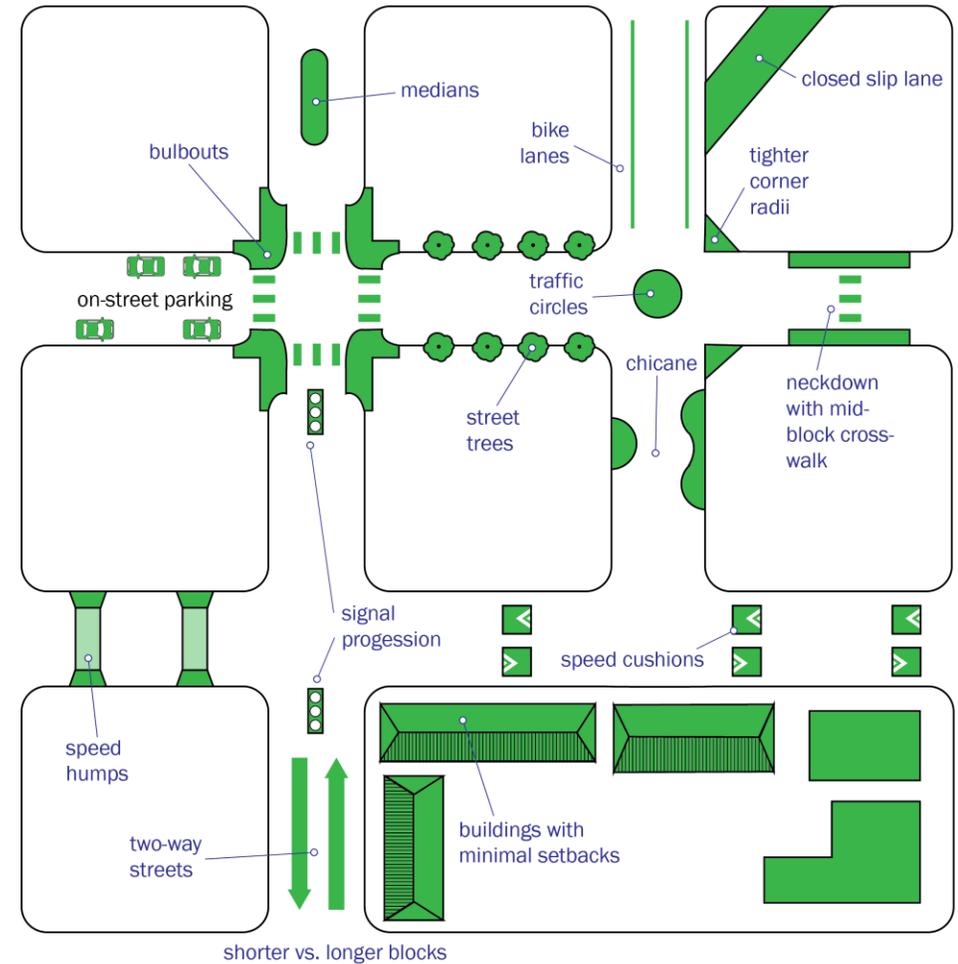
Land Use + Site Design

Partners + Funding

Evaluation

Other policies

Slower streets are safer streets



Austin PSAP

Engineering: Pedestrian Crossing Criteria

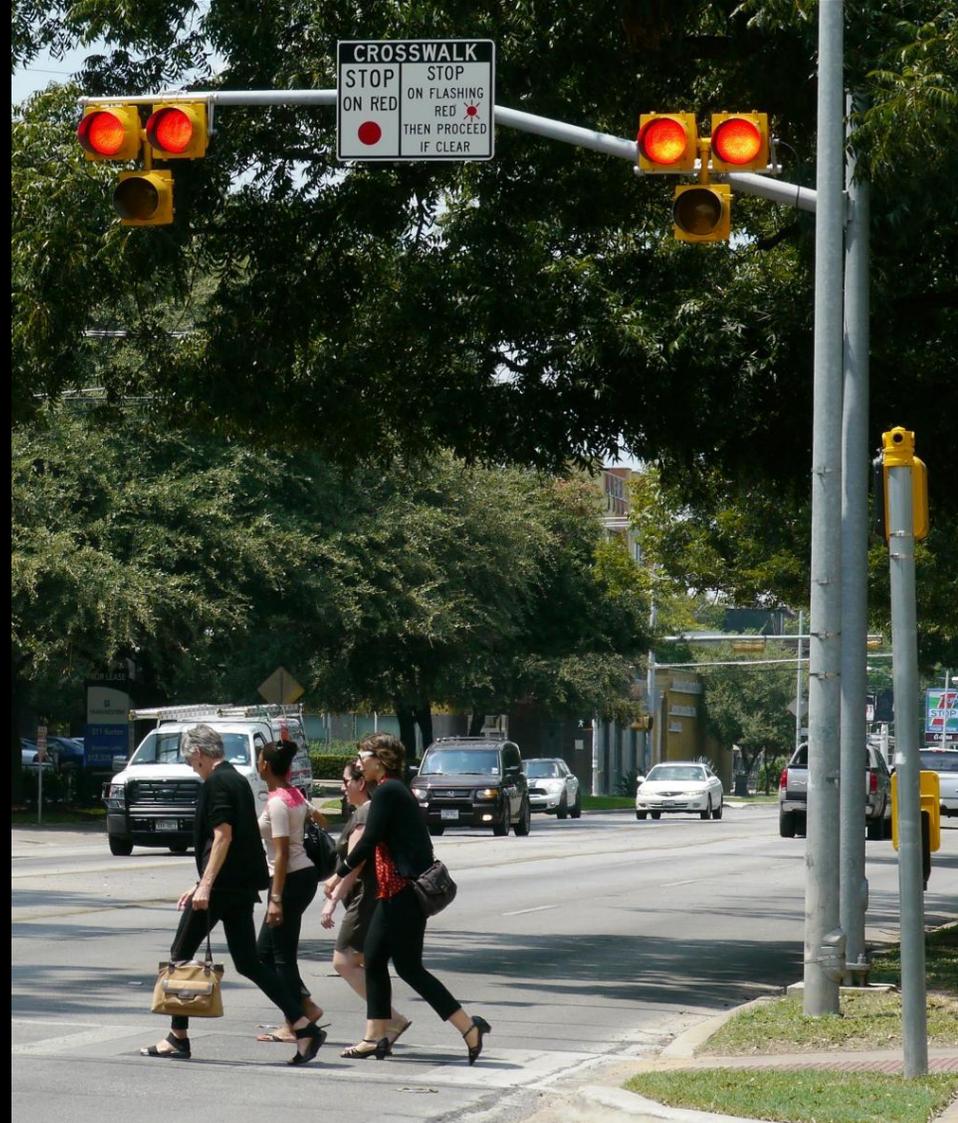
| CROSSWALK DESIGN BY ROADWAY TYPE* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|------------------------------|--------|---------|-------------------------------|--------|---------|----------------------|--------|---------|---|
| VEHICLE ADT > 4,000 - 9,000 | | | VEHICLE ADT > 9,000 - 12,000 | | | VEHICLE ADT > 12,000 - 15,000 | | | VEHICLE ADT > 15,000 | | | |
| <30 MPH | 35 MPH | 40+ MPH | <30 MPH | 35 MPH | 40+ MPH | <30 MPH | 35 MPH | 40+ MPH | <30 MPH | 35 MPH | 40+ MPH | |
| TWO LANES | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| THREE LANES WITH RAISED MEDIAN | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| THREE LANES WITHOUT RAISED MEDIAN | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| MULTILANE WITH RAISED MEDIAN | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| MULTILANE WITHOUT RAISED MEDIAN | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |

* All crossings must be scoped by an engineer to ensure recommended treatment is appropriate and ADA ramps and illumination are in place.

- Marked Crosswalk
- Marked Crosswalk, island or curb extensions, enhanced signing and striping
- Marked Crosswalk and enhanced/active warning (islands and RRFB's)
- Marked Crosswalk and pedestrian hybrid or full signal

Austin PSAP

Engineering: Pedestrian Crossing Criteria



Austin PSAP

Engineering: Pedestrian Crossing Criteria



Austin PSAP

Engineering: Pedestrian Crossing Criteria



Austin PSAP

Engineering: Pedestrian Crossing Criteria



Austin PSAP

public outreach

- Technical Advisory Group
- Community Advisory Group
 - Vision Zero Task Force + PAC
- One-on-one coordination with regional partners
- District outreach meetings
- Pedestrian Safety Workshop
- Vision Zero Mapping Tool

VISION ZERO
Share Your Safety Concerns

Safety Issues

- people are not given enough time to cross the street
- people have to cross too many lanes / too far
- people speed
- there are no bike facilities or they need maintenance
- it's hard for people to see each other
- people cross away from the crosswalks
- people don't yield while going straight
- people don't yield while turning
- people double park their vehicles
- people have to wait too long for the "Walk" signal
- people run red lights / stop signs
- the roadway surface needs maintenance
- there are no sidewalks or they need maintenance
- of something that is not listed here

User Types

- walks
- bikes
- rides a motorcycle
- drives
- uses an assistive device
- travels (other)

Austin PSAP

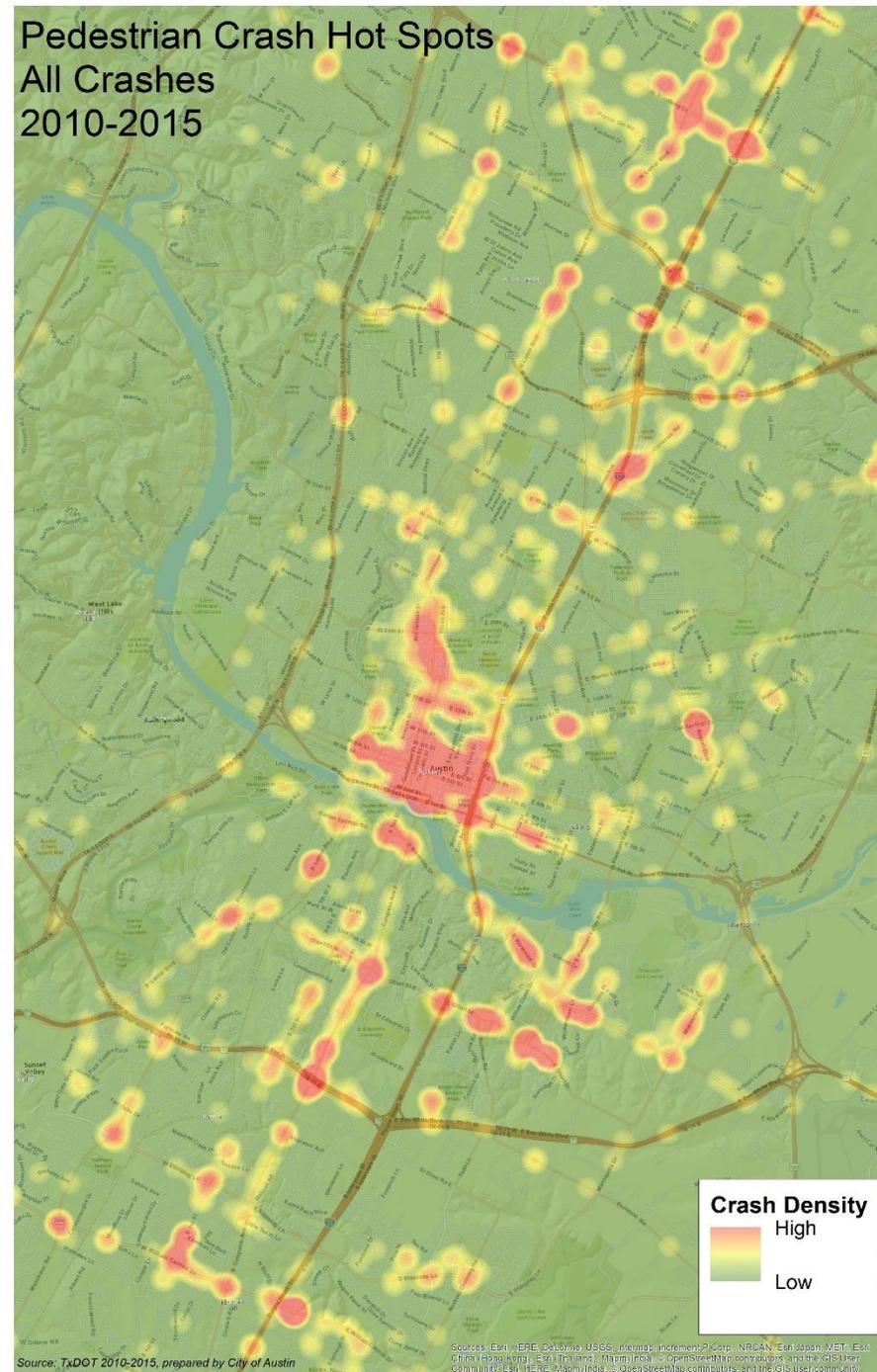
timeline

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Develop crash analysis and prioritization criteria | Ongoing through February |
| Stakeholder outreach and coordination | Ongoing through May |
| Pedestrian Safety Workshop | Late March/ early April |
| Draft PSAP for stakeholder review | April 2017 |
| Boards/Commissions/Council Committees | May 2017 |
| Draft PSAP to Council for consideration | Summer 2017 |

Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

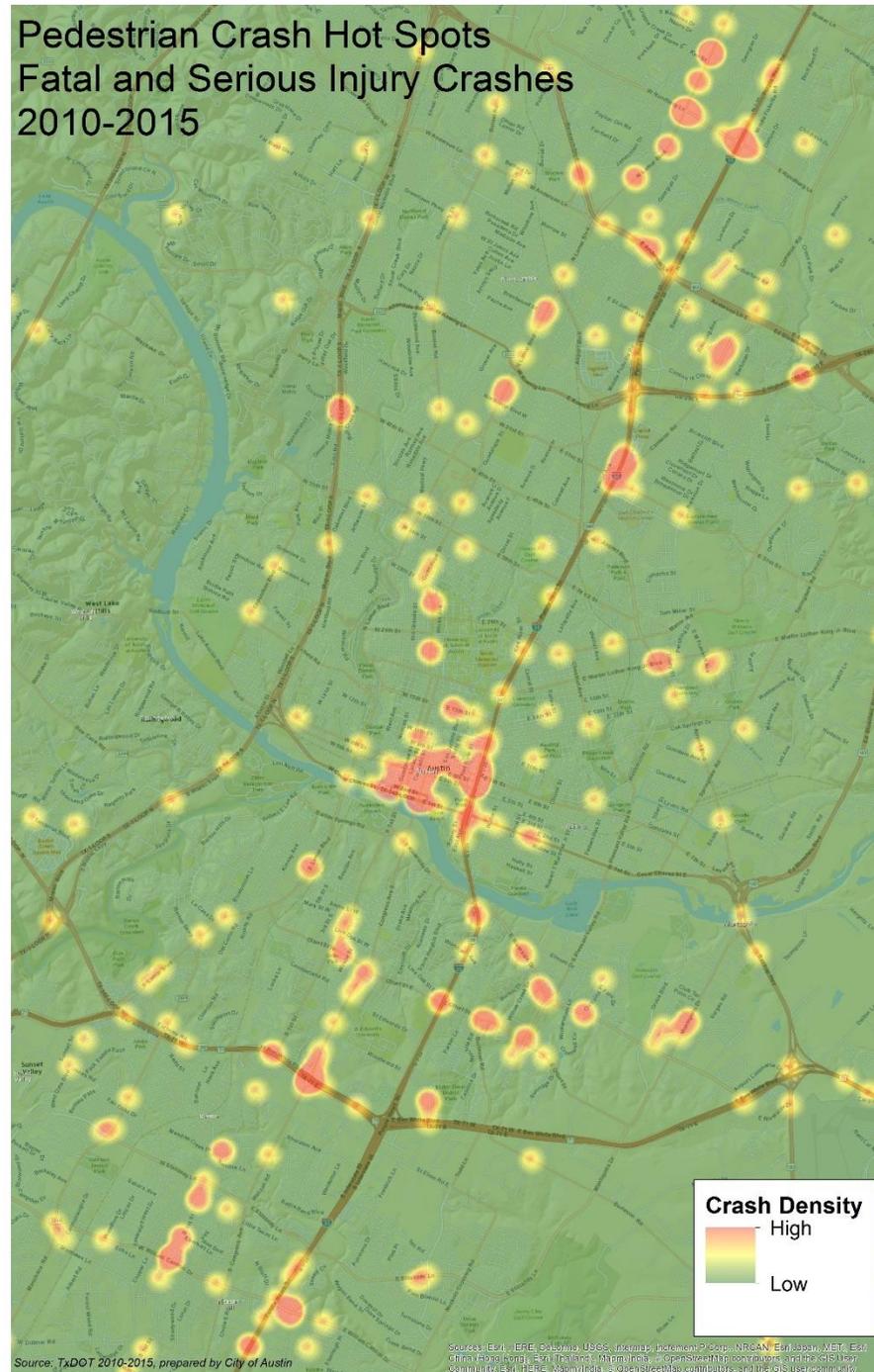
Pedestrian Crash Hot Spots
All Crashes
2010-2015



Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

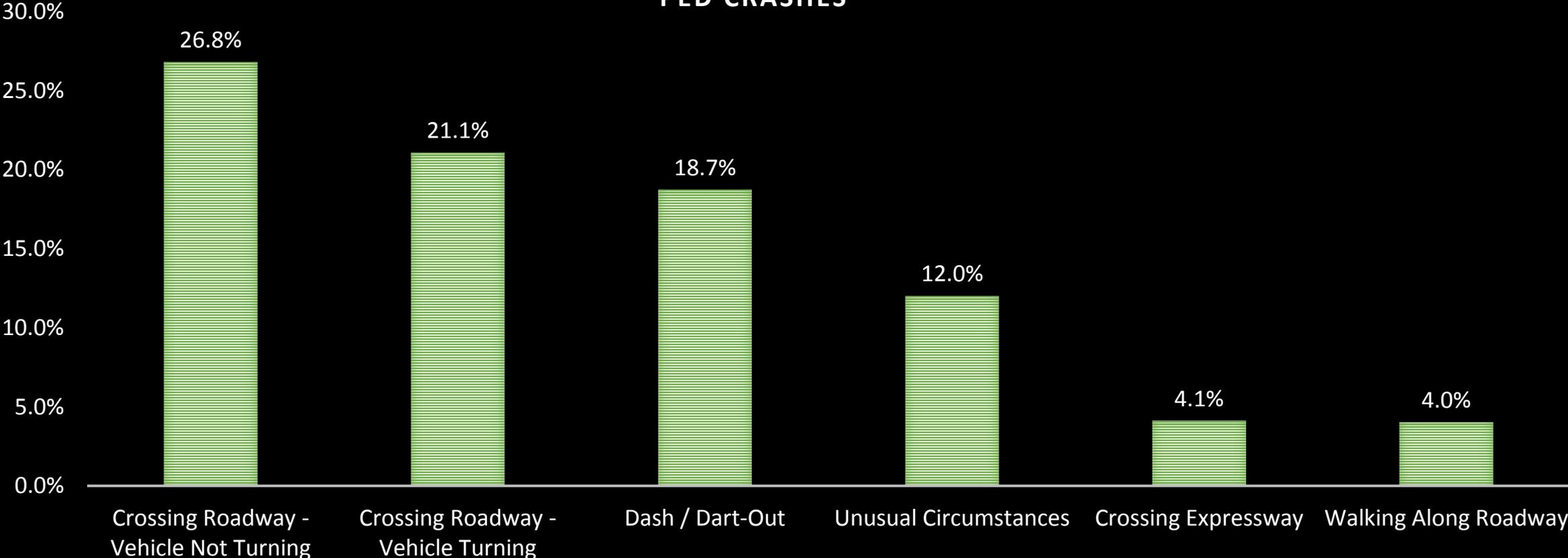
Pedestrian Crash Hot Spots Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes 2010-2015



Austin PSAP

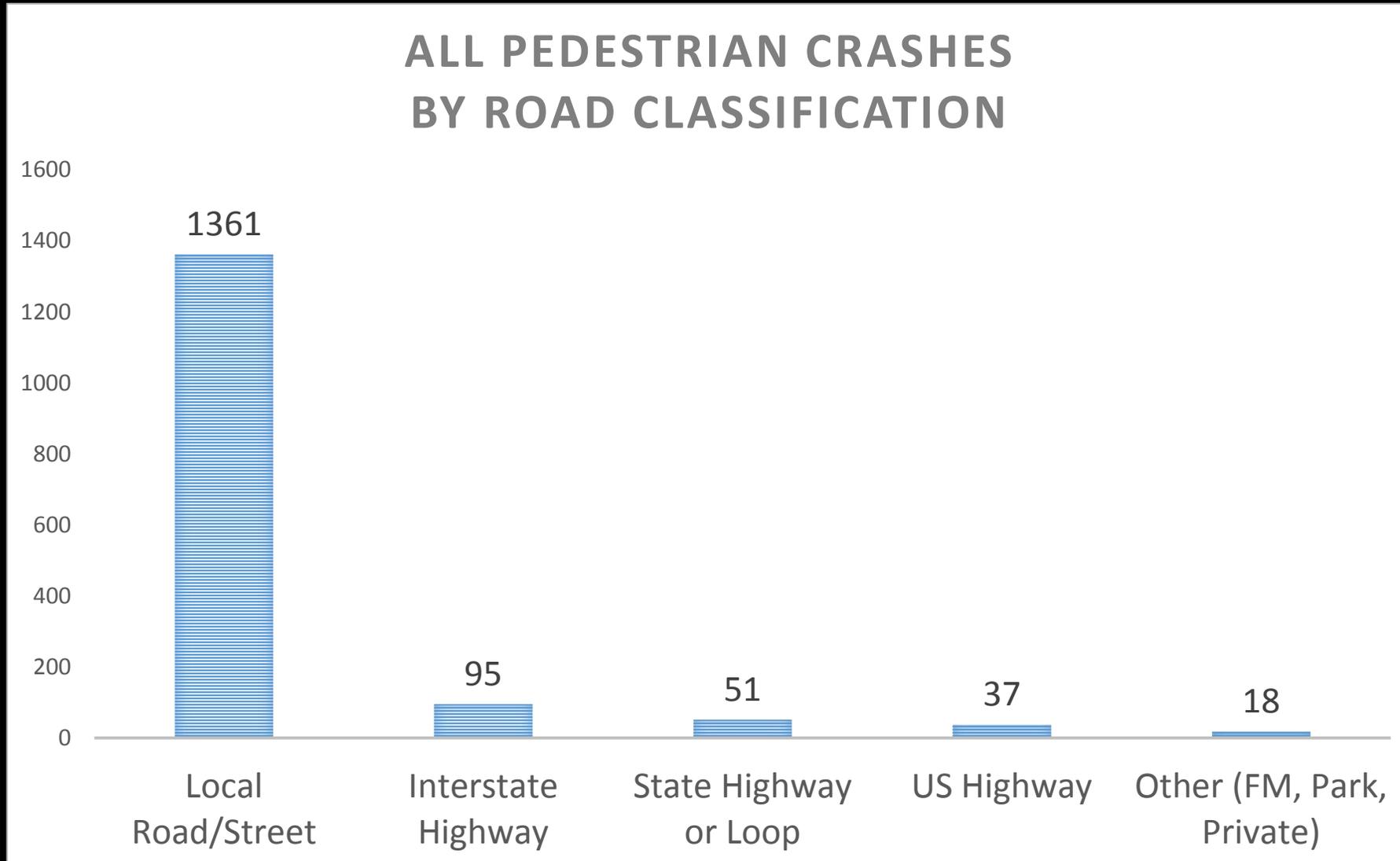
Preliminary Crash Analysis

**TOP 6 CRASH GROUPS FOR
PED CRASHES**



Austin PSAP

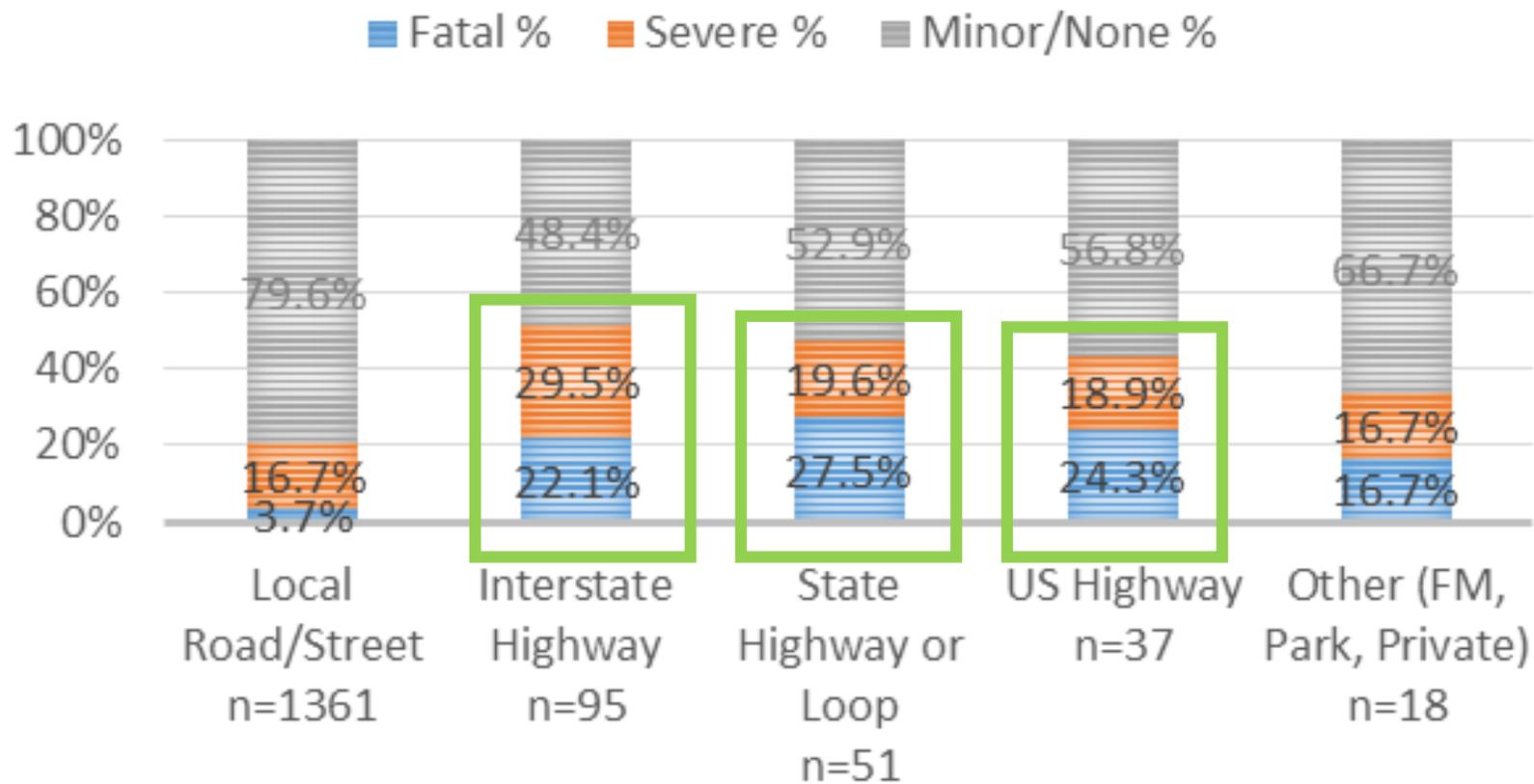
Preliminary Crash Analysis



Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

CRASH SEVERITY BY ROAD CLASSIFICATION



Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

Presence of Sidewalks



All KAB Crashes (n =1,116) by Sidewalk Presence and Severity

| | #KAB | #Fatal (K) | #KA | Prob K | Prob KA |
|-------------------------|------|------------|-----|--------|---------|
| Sidewalk Present | 867 | 30 | 231 | 3.5% | 26.6% |
| Sidewalk Absent | 144 | 41 | 84 | 28.5% | 58.3% |
| Not Applicable | 105 | 17 | 67 | 16.2% | 63.8% |
| Total | 1116 | 88 | 382 | 7.9% | 34.2% |

K = killed

A = incapacitating injury

B = non- incapacitating injury

Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

Presence of Lighting



| All Crashes, by lighting conditions and severity | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|----|-----|------|--------|-------|-------|--------|----------|
| Condition | All | K | SI | K+SI | %Total | %K | %K+SI | Prob K | Prob KSI |
| Daylight | 846 | 16 | 110 | 126 | 54.2% | 16.3% | 33.8% | 1.9% | 14.9% |
| Dark, Lighted | 483 | 50 | 118 | 168 | 30.9% | 51.0% | 45.0% | 10.4% | 34.8% |
| Dark, Not Lighted | 132 | 29 | 27 | 56 | 8.5% | 29.6% | 15.0% | 22.0% | 42.4% |
| Dawn/Dusk | 48 | 2 | 10 | 12 | 3.1% | 2.0% | 3.2% | 4.2% | 25.0% |
| Unknown | 53 | 1 | 10 | 11 | 3.4% | 1.0% | 2.9% | 1.9% | 20.8% |
| Grand Total | 1,562 | 98 | 275 | 373 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 6.3% | 23.9% |

K = killed

SI = seriously injured

Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

Time of Day

Percent of Crashes, by time of day

| Time of Day | % of Ped Crashes | % of KSI Crashes | % of Fatal Crashes |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 12AM-3AM | 10.7% | 16.7% | 19.4% |
| 3AM-6AM | 2.7% | 4.4% | 10.7% |
| 6AM-9AM | 10.7% | 8.9% | 12.6% |
| 9AM-12PM | 8.7% | 5.7% | 2.9% |
| 12PM-3PM | 11.3% | 5.5% | 1.9% |
| 3PM-6PM | 19.9% | 13.8% | 4.9% |
| 6PM-9PM | 23.4% | 22.9% | 23.3% |
| 9PM-12AM | 12.7% | 22.1% | 24.3% |

Crash Severity Probability, by time of day

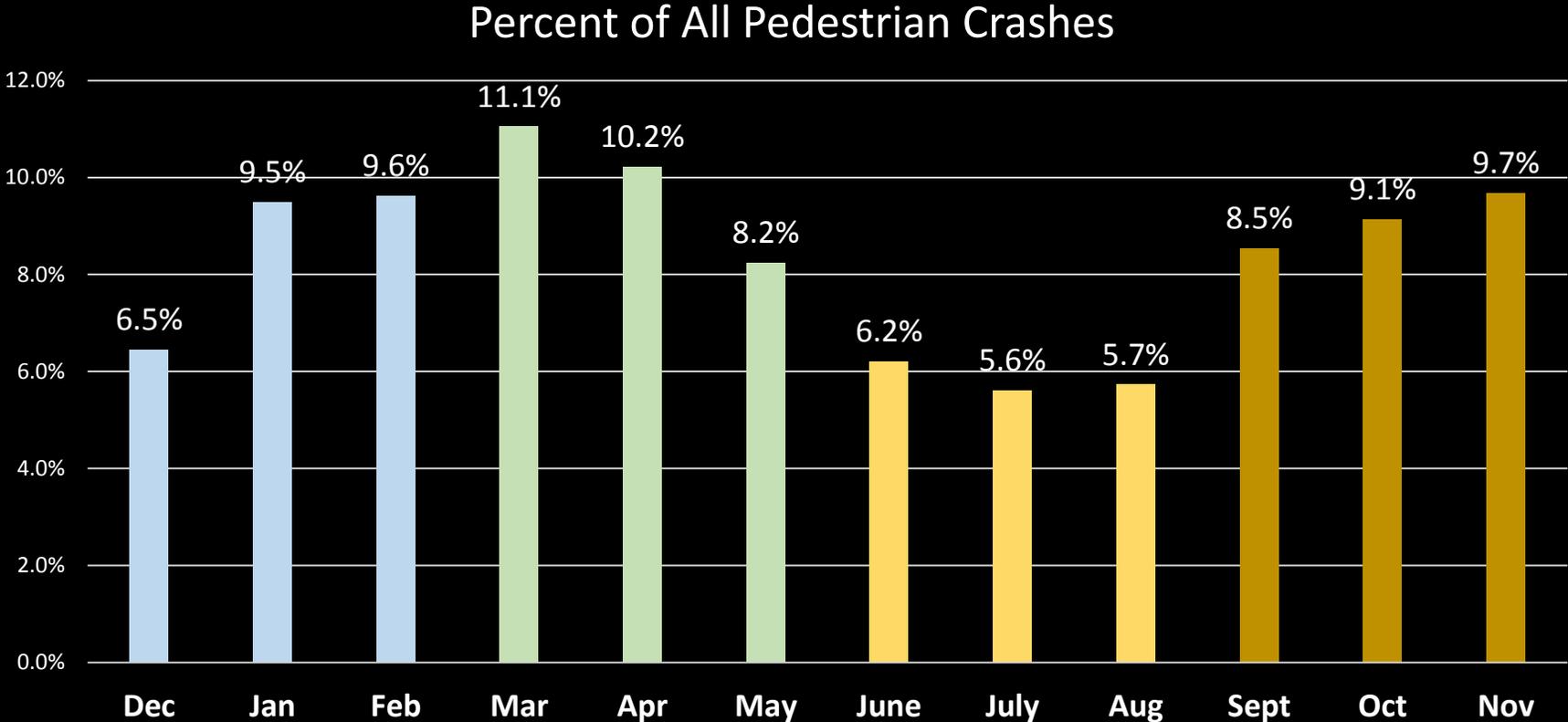
| Time of Day | % of Ped Crashes | Probability KSI | Probability K |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 12AM-3AM | 10.7% | 35.8% | 11.2% |
| 3AM-6AM | 2.7% | 37.8% | 24.4% |
| 6AM-9AM | 10.7% | 19.0% | 7.3% |
| 9AM-12PM | 8.7% | 15.1% | 2.1% |
| 12PM-3PM | 11.3% | 11.1% | 1.1% |
| 3PM-6PM | 19.9% | 15.9% | 1.5% |
| 6PM-9PM | 23.4% | 22.5% | 6.1% |
| 9PM-12AM | 12.7% | 40.1% | 11.8% |

K = killed
SI = seriously injured

Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

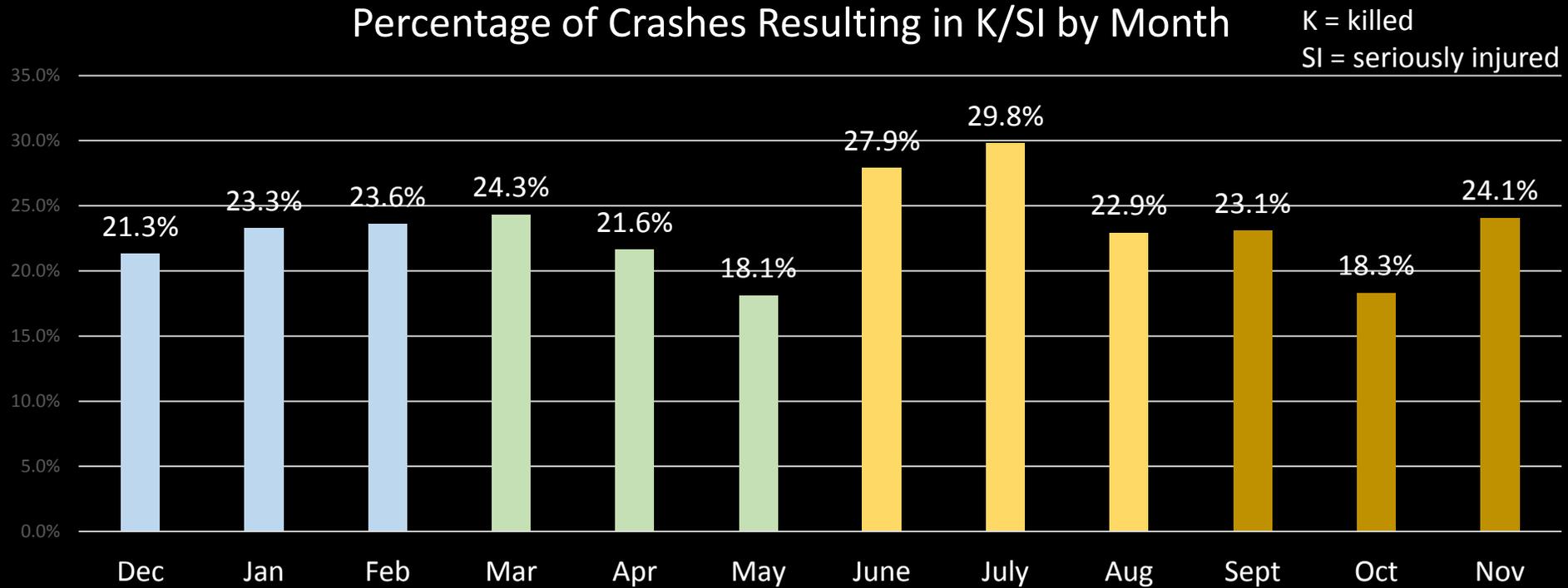
Time of Year



Austin PSAP

Preliminary Crash Analysis

Time of Year



Austin Pedestrian Safety Action Plan

Urban Transportation Commission

January 10th, 2017

Questions?

